



Communication Security

Radio transmissions are not secure because anyone with a receiver tuneable to the transmission frequency can listen in, without either the originator or the recipient of the message being aware.

For this reason all radio operators have a responsibility for maintaining good security when operating, and the following practices are forbidden:

- A) Transmitting operator's name, rank or personal callsign**
- B) Transmitting operator's location**
- C) Using unofficial callsigns or procedures**
- D) Referring to the location of, or movement of, arms and ammunition**
- E) Referring to radio frequencies instead of channel designations**
- F) Referring to meeting places, times and service activities**
- G) Unofficial conversation between operators**
- H) Unauthorised use of plain language in place of prowords**
- I) Excess tuning or testing**
- J) Using indecent language**
- K) Breaking of radio silence, unless in an emergency**